

- 1. A cutting tool compring, as an edge part, a cubic boron nitride sintered compact containing cubic boron nitride having an average grain diameter of at most 1 μ m, in which the cubic boron nitride sintered compact has, at the said edge part, an I $_{(220)}$ /I $_{(111)}$ of (220) diffraction intensity (I $_{(220)}$) to (111) diffraction intensity (I $_{(111)}$) ratio of at least 0.05 in X-ray diffraction of arbitrary direction and impurities are substantially not contained in the grain boundaries.
- 2. The cutting tool as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the thermal conductivity of the cabic boron nitride sintered compact, at the said edge part, is 250 to 1000 V/m·k.
- 3. The cutting tool as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2, wherein the transverse rupture strength of the said cubic boron nitride sintered compact is at least 80 kgf/mm² by a three point bending measurement at a temperature between 20 °C and 1000 °C.
- 4. The cutting tool as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 3, wherein the hardness of the cubic boron nitride sintered compact, at the said edge part, is at least 4000 kgf/mm² at room temperature.
- 5. The milling outter as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the thermal conductivity of the cubic boron nitride sintered compact, at the said edge part, is 300 to 1000 W/m·K.
- 6. The milling cutter as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 5; wherein the thermal expansion coefficient of the cubic boron nitride sintered compact, at the said edge part, is 3.0 to 4.0 x 10^{-6} /K at a temperature ranging from 20 °C to 600 °C.
- 7. The milling cutter as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 6, which is applied to a face milling cutter or end mill for high speed cutting cast irons or steels.
- 8. The precision cutting tool as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the cubic boron nitride sintered compact, at the said edge part, con-

tains cBN with an average grain diameter of at most 0.5 μ m.

- 9. A process for the production of a sintered compact for a cutting tool containing cubic boron nitride with an average grain diameter of at most 1 μ m, which comprises reducing and nitriding a compound containing boron and oxygen in the presence of carbon and nitrogen to synthesize a low pressure phase boron nitride and subjecting the resulting low pressure phase boron nitride, as a starting material, to direct conversion into cubic boron nitride at a high temperature and high pressure, while simultaneously sintering.
 - 10. The process for the production of a sintered compact for a cutting tool, as claimed in Claim 9, wherein the said direct conversion and sintering are carried out at a pressure of at least 6 GPa and a temperature of 1550 to 2100 $^{\circ}$ C.